

B.Sc. (Part-III) (CBCS Pattern) Semester-VI  
**USBCDST-15 - Biochemistry DSE-III - Advanced Cell Biology**

P. Pages : 2

Time : Three Hours



**GUG/S/25/13339**

Max. Marks : 50

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- Notes : 1. All the questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.  
2. Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

1. Describe the role of the plasma membrane in maintaining cellular integrity and function. **10**  
Discuss the various types of membrane transport mechanisms.

**OR**

- a) What are the functions of membrane proteins in cellular transport? **2½**
- b) Describe the composition of the nuclear envelope and its significance in transport regulation. **2½**
- c) Explain the role of desmosomes and gap junctions in intercellular communication. **2½**
- d) How do tight junctions contribute to tissue structure and function? **2½**
2. Describe the phases of the eukaryotic cell cycle and discuss the molecular mechanisms that regulate cell cycle progression. **10**

**OR**

- a) What are the key features of the G1, S, G2, and M phases of the cell cycle? **2½**
- b) Differentiate between programmed cell death and accidental cell death. **2½**
- c) Explain the role of stem cells in regenerative medicine. **2½**
- d) How does hematopoiesis contribute to blood cell formation? **2½**
3. Explain the process of carcinogenesis, highlighting genetic and environmental factors that contribute to cancer development. **10**

**OR**

- a) What is the difference between benign and malignant tumors? **2½**
- b) Discuss the role of oncogenes in cancer progression. **2½**
- c) How do tumor suppressor genes function in preventing cancer? **2½**
- d) What are the emerging therapies for cancer treatment? **2½**
4. Explain the working principles of electron microscopy and its significance in cellular studies. Discuss its advantages over traditional microscopy techniques. **10**

**OR**

- a) How is flow cytometry used in cell sorting and analysis? 2½
- b) What is the role of immunohistochemistry in disease diagnosis? 2½
- c) Describe the major differences between animal and plant cell culture techniques. 2½
- d) What are the applications of ultracentrifugation in cell fractionation? 2½

**5.** Attempt **any ten** of the following (One mark each): **10**

- a) What is the function of nuclear pores?
- b) Define cell adhesion molecules.
- c) What are integrins and their role in cell-matrix interactions?
- d) What is the significance of the mitotic spindle in cell division?
- e) Name one key cyclin involved in cell cycle regulation.
- f) What is the role of caspases in apoptosis?
- g) Define tumorigenesis.
- h) What is the role of p53 in cancer suppression?
- i) Name one viral oncogene.
- j) What is the principle of confocal microscopy?
- k) Define tissue culture.
- l) Mention one application of fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS).

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